

### Outcome of the international pilot Helminths External Molecular Quality Assessment Scheme (HEMQAS)

NAAT-based detection of Soil Transmitted Helminths (STH), Stongyloides and Schistosoma in clinical stool samples

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# Helminth External Molecular Quality Assessment Scheme (HEMQAS)



Following successes of protozoa EQAS

Distribution of real helminth-pathogens in stool













- No lyophilized material nor DNA in artificial matrix
- Ethanol preservative for long stability => global participation
- Participants: research laboratories; reference laboratories (control programs); clinical laboratories

#### Panel:

Hookworm (N. americanus & Ancylostoma spp.), Ascaris spp., Trichuris trichiura, Stronglyoides stercoralis, Schistosoma spp.

### HEMQAS pilot Study design and sample validation



2017/2018: 12 stool samples







Microscopy pre-screened => diluted in ethanol



2x4 DNA (purified from isolated adult worms/L3 larvae; high and low concentration)

Sample validation: 6 expert laboratories, 3 continents (4-5 labs per target)
Stability and Homogeneity

- Targets with <u>high parasite load</u> were consistently detected in 5 aliquots
- Within accepted range of intra-laboratory variation in Cq

# HEMQAS pilot Principle of scoring system & expert outcome



#### Sample positive for specific target

Homogenous & stable, detected by all expert laboratories (by PCR)

#### Sample negative for specific target

Not detected by any of the expert laboratories (by PCR)

#### Sample educational for specific target

- Low concentration of a target not detected by each expert laboratory
- NB: some of these were (low) microscopy positive!

# HEMQAS pilot Principle of scoring system & expert outcome



Outcome of 12 stool samples when tested by 6 experts laboratories:

- 1x completely negative
- 2x with positive target(s) only
- 5x with mixed positive target(s) & educational target(s)
- 4x with educational target(s) only

4 x DNA
Ascaris, Necator, Strongyloides, Schisto
Undiluted + 1:10

Sample	Ascaris lumbricoides	Trichuris trichiura	Necator americanus	Ancylostoma duodenale	Strongyloides stercoralis	Schistosoma mansoni
ST01	NEG	NEG	NEG	NEG	NEG	NEG
ST02	EDU	NEG	EDU	NEG	EDU*	NEG
ST03	EDU	EDU	NEG	NEG	NEG	NEG
ST04	NEG	POS	EDU	NEG	NEG	NEG
ST05	NEG	NEG	POS	NEG	NEG	NEG
ST06	POS	NEG	POS	NEG	EDU	NEG
ST07	POS	POS	NEG	NEG	NEG	NEG
ST08	EDU	EDU	NEG	NEG	NEG	NEG
ST09	EDU	EDU	POS	NEG	NEG	POS
ST10	NEG	EDU	NEG	NEG	NEG	NEG
ST11	POS	EDU	POS	NEG	NEG	POS
ST12	POS	EDU	POS	NEG	NEG	POS

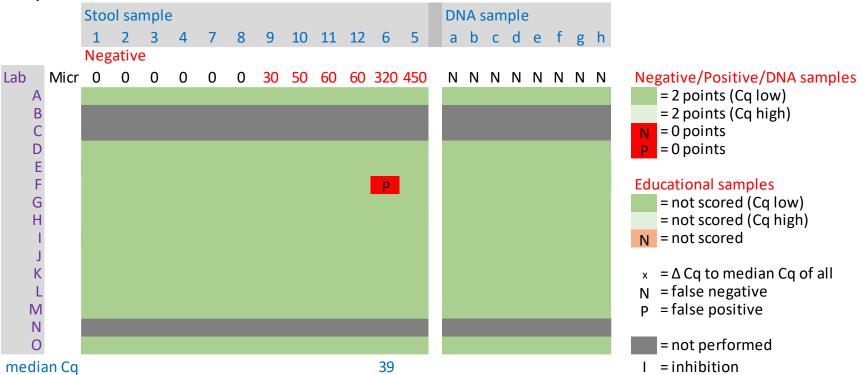
### Testing of samples: 15 laboratories, 5 continents

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(including 6 expert laboratories)

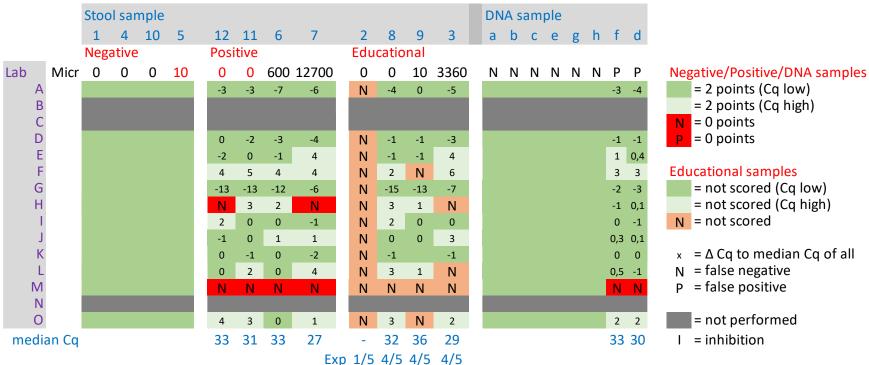


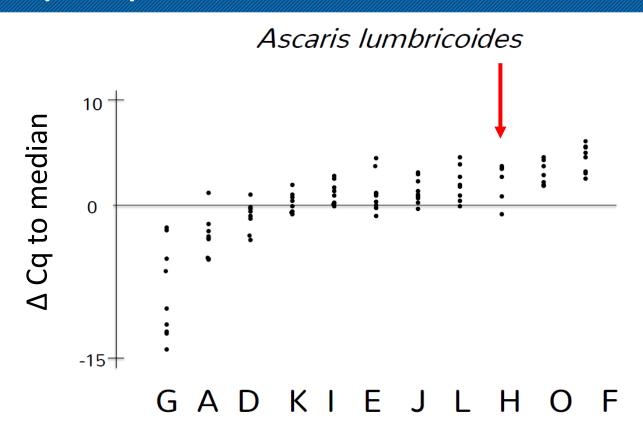
#### Ancylostoma





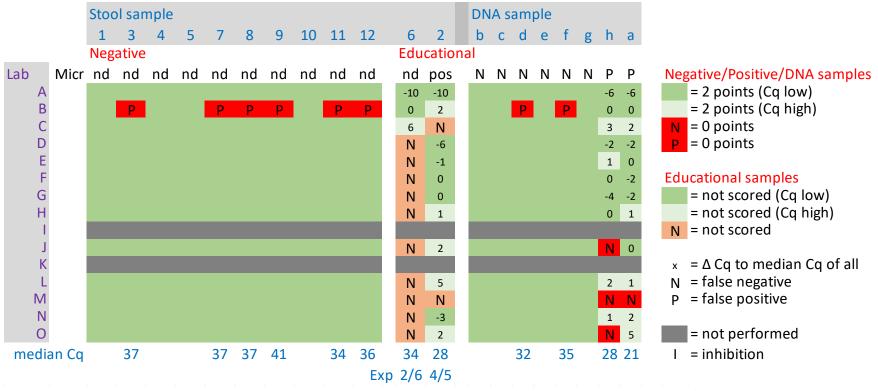






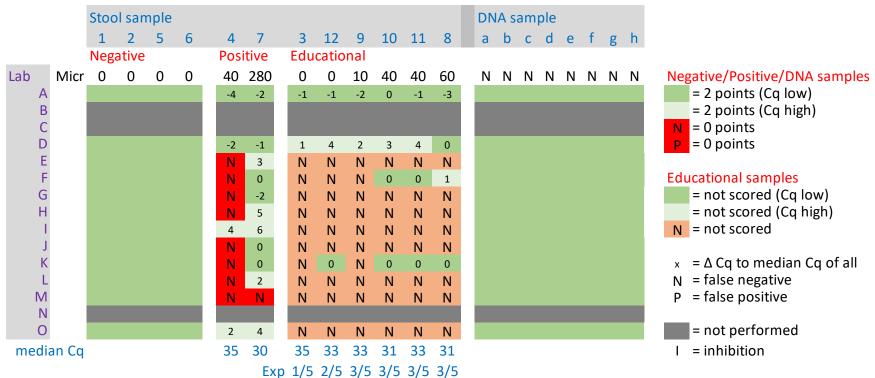


#### Strongyloides stercoralis

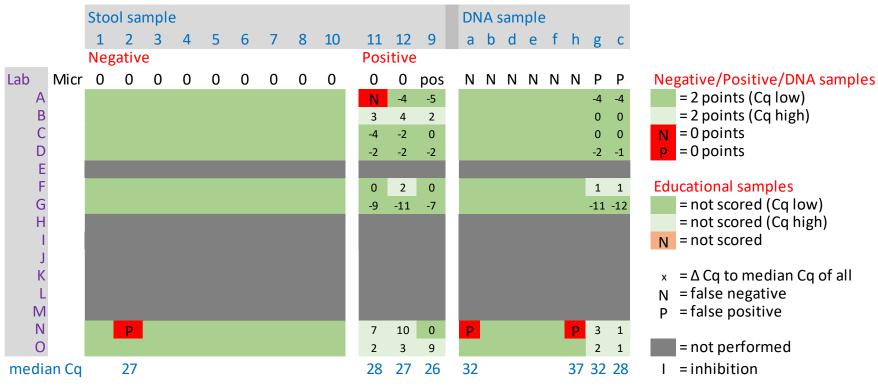




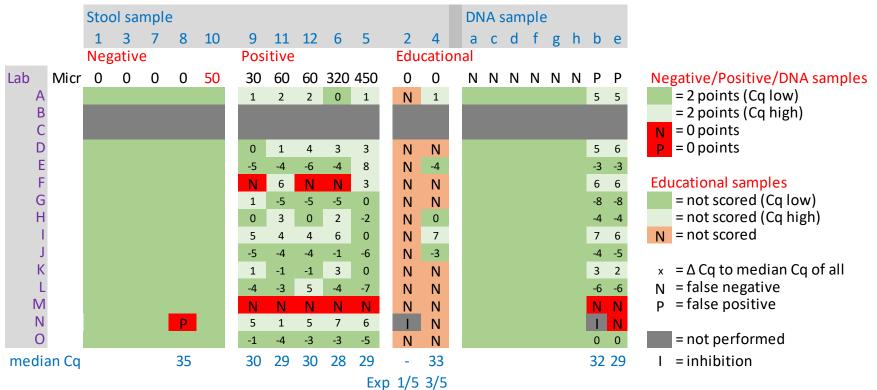
#### Trichuris trichiura



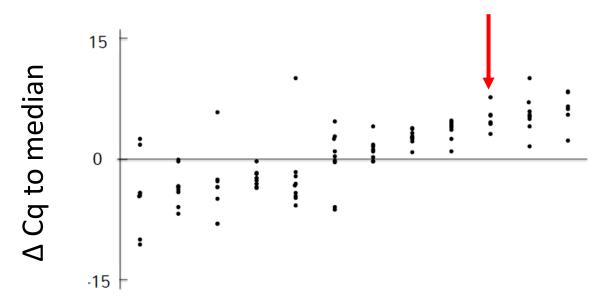
#### Schistosoma



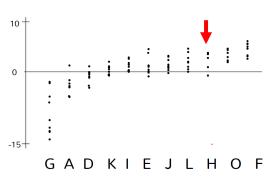
#### Necator americanus







#### Ascaris lumbricoides



GJLOEHKADFIN



#### False negative results occurred

mostly for Trichuris with max 92% positive score

Performance moderately related to intensity (microscopy) of infection More failures seen in stool samples than in DNA samples

isolation procedure crucial

False positive results occurred, in particular for Strongyloides

**Clusters** of poor-performers and good-performers.

Cause of variations currently explored

### HEMQAS pilot Overall conclusions



- Proof of concept: validated, homogeneous samples
- Feasibility: world-wide EQAS distribution and reporting
- More variation in performance HEMQAS than GI protozoa
- Species-related performance differences, challenging samples
- Quantitative: reported Cq-values differ > 15 cycles

Need for quality control (and harmonisation) for NAAT methods

→ Yearly Helminth Molecular EQAS will start in 2019 by SKML

https://www.skml.nl/en/home/sections/parasitology

### Acknowledgements – HEMQAS pilot















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#### WELLCOME TRUST RESEARCH LABORATORY

Division of Gastrointestinal Sciences













More info: www.skml.nl/en/home/sections/parasitology